Final Report

Compliance with Society guidelines in COVID 19: A Survey on members of society of Dermatologists, Venereologists and Leprologists of Nepal

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Executive Summary

COVID-19 seems to affect us in all the aspects of our life. It is essential to keep our services running by taking appropriate precautions based on our best of scientific knowledge. A guideline was published by Society of Dermatologists, Venereologists, and Leprologists of Nepal in the middle of April 2020 to safeguard the wellbeing of its members. This research was done to assess the compliance of this guideline among its members using a google survey. It was seen that only 45% of the members responded to the questionnaire. Only 55.6% of the respondents triaged patients while 84.4% used infection prevention measures as recommended by the society. Based on these findings it is recommended that Dermatologist should train themselves more in infection prevention measures in future in order to prevent themselves from acquiring COVID-19.

Introduction

Because of ongoing pandemic of COVID-19, it is essential that Dermatologist are well protected from getting infection and preventing spread of disease among patients. A guideline was developed by ad hoc committee of SODVELON and was released on April 15th for management of Dermatology patients during COVID 19. The guideline was developed based on the evidence from different sources including international league of Dermatological societies, World health organization and epidemiological disease control division of Nepal 1-3 and modified by local expert for practical implications. The guidelines contains twelve points and ranges from guideline for seeing outpatient department to guide for disinfection to surgical procedures. ⁴ The main points of the guidelines includes 1) Deferring of patients in outpatient department for 3 months. 2) Attending only Dermatological emergencies 3) Following protective measures in Outpatient Department when seeing patients and 4) Triage of patients for COVID-19 while seeing patients. As the cases of Covid 19 is rising in Nepal, it is essential that dermatologist practice may be affected sooner or later. In order to ensure maximum protection of its member, there is need to see if the guidelines of practice laid down by society is adhered to or not. If there is lacunae, it can be corrected in timely manner to prevent infection transmission to both the patients and Dermatologists. If the guideline is inadequate as judged by participant it can be updated and improved. This study was undertaken in order to assess the quality of protection for its member and to update its previous guidelines. The objective of this study was to determine the current COVID 19 related practice amongst dermatologists of Nepal as measured against SODVELON standards.

Materials and Methods

This was a descriptive cross- sectional study conducted in members of society of Dermatologists, Venereologists and leprologists of Nepal from 1st June 2020 to 1st July 2020. . A questionnaire was developed in google forms based on the guidelines of Society published on 15th April 2020. Additional questions was included with defined responses options. The invitation to participate was send via email to all the Nepal based members with every 72 hours reminders for next 2 weeks. Members were requested to enter relevant data in google forms. The form had two parts. First dealt with the personal details and the 2nd part dealt with the questionnaire related to society guidelines. All the data were entered in SPSS-20 and descriptive analysis of the data was done.

Results

Responses and profile of participants

In total, 90 (45%) of 200 respondents from different parts of the country provided data on the survey out of which 56.7% were males and 43.3% were females. The majority of respondent were from Kathmandu (66.7%) and the predominant age group (57.8%) was between 30 to 40 years

Of these 90 respondents, 51.1% had all types of dermatological practice, 41.1% were involved only in practice of general Dermatology while 7.8 % were involved predominantly in aesthetic practice. The duration of practice among these respondents was less than 5 years in 46.7%, 5 to 10 years in 27.8% and more than 10 years in 25.6 %.

SODVELON standards

Out of all these respondents 81.1% knew that a guideline has been developed by society for management of Dermatology patients during COVID- 19 pandemic. Only 47.8 % of the respondents had deferred patients of outpatient department as per the guidelines. 66.7% of these respondents had attended dermatological emergencies and 84.4% were following protective measures as per the guidelines. Triage was done only by 55.6% of Dermatologists while seeing patients.

Table 1: Sex distribution

	Number	Percent
Male	51	56.7
Female	39	43.3
Total	90	100.0

Table 2: Age in years

	Number	Percent
<30	3	3.3
30-40	52	57.8
40-50	24	26.7
50-60	3	3.3
>60	8	8.9
Total	90	100.0

Table 3: Type of Dermatological practice

	Number	Percent
All	46	51.1
Aesthetic	7	7.8
General Dermatology	37	41.1
Total	90	100.0

Table 4: Duration of practice

	Number	Percent
<5	42	46.7
5-10	25	27.8
>10	23	25.6
Total	90	100.0

Table 5: Do you know society has developed guidelines for management of Dermatology Patients in Nepal during the times of COVID -19 pandemic?

	Number	Percent
No	10	11.1
Yes	73	81.1
got it but not gone through it	6	6.7
Thought it was not useful	1	1.1
Total	90	100.0

Table 6: Have you deferred patient of outpatient department for 3 months as per the guidelines?

	Number	Percent
No	47	52.2
Yes	43	47.8
Total	90	100.0

Table 7: Have you attended Dermatological emergencies?

	Number	Percent
No	30	33.3
Yes	60	66.7
Total	90	100.0

Table 8: For those who are attending patients, are you following protective measures as per the guidelines of the society, for eg disinfection, physical distance?

	Number	Percent
No	11	12.2
Yes	76	84.4
Not practicing these days	3	3.3
Total	90	100.0

Table 9: Are you doing triage for the patients coming in your Outpatient department?

	Number	Percent
No	30	33.3
Yes	50	55.6
Not practicing these days	10	11.1
Total	90	100.0

Discussion

This study showed that out of all respondents 81.1% knew that a guideline has been formed for managing dermatological patients during COVID -19 pandemic. The study showed that 84.4% were following protective measures as instructed in the guidelines. This two findings are positive in the sense

that it will prevent Dermatologist from getting COVID-19 once there is re-opening of practice in full swing.

Surprisingly, it was seen that only 55.6% of Dermatologists used to triage the patients as recommended. This might expose Dermatologist to COVID-19 patients unknowingly and should there be any breach in protective measures, it will be hazardous to them. Another interesting finding of this survey is that 66.7% of the Dermatologists attended emergency .This fact shows that the emergency physician should be made aware of dermatological emergencies during COVID-19 pandemic.

The important fact which came out with this survey is that only 45% of total Dermatologists participated in survey. The inference could be that most of them are not technology friendly. As the present world is shifting towards virtual consultation, it is essential that we should be technically updated.

Covid-19 is highly infectious disease and health care workers are more at risk of acquiring the disease. Because of contagious nature, it is essential to follow a strict protocol for infection prevention. One of the study in Netherland showed that 5% of health care worker were SARS-COV 2 positive, however, the study couldn't rule out nososcomial spread. In an another study, it was seen that front line health care workers were 3 times greater risk in acquiring covid-19 compared to general community. In one of the study from tertiary hospital in Wuhan, China it was seen that infections occurred in early stage of disease outbreak, and that non-first line health care worker higher infection rate than first line health care worker. In one of the Italian study the prevalence of current or probable previous infection was 3.4%.

Because of the risk of transmission as shown by different studies above, it is essential that Dermatologist follow a strict protocol of infection prevention while seeing patients. It is also important that only essential services to be attended in order to minimize risk of exposure. The results of this study helps us remind our dermatologist's colleague to adhere 100% to the guidelines for infection prevention.

Limitations of the study

The major limitation of this study as that the participants might not have responded deliberately or the participant's might have reported wrongly to the questions.

Conclusions

Only 45% of the members of the society participated in the survey out of which 81.1% knew that the guidelines existed, 55.6% triaged the patients and 84.4% followed Infection prevention measures as per the guidelines. This shows that the society should be proactive to ensure adoption of these measures by its members in order to prevent COVID-19 infection in future.

References

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Annexes

Annex 1: Questionnaire

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- 1. What is the duration of your practice?
- a. less than 5 years
- b. 5-10 years
- c. More than 10 years
- 2. What is type of your practice?
- a. Only Hospital/university hospital based
- b. Only Clinic based
- c. Both
- 3. What type of Dermatological practice you do?
- a. General Dermatology, Venereology, and Leprology predominantly
- b. Aesthetic predominantly
- c. Dermatosurgery including excisions /repair/Vitiligo surgery
- d. All
- 4. Which part of the country you practice?
- a. Kathmandu
- b. Out of Kathmandu
- 5. What is your present age?
- a. 30-40 years
- b. 40-50 year
- c.50-60 years
- d.More than 60 years
- e. Less than 30 years

Part 2

1. Do you know society has developed guidelines for management of Dermatology Patients in Nepal?

a. Yes
b. No
c. I got the mail, but I didn't go through
d. I thought it was not useful
2. Have you deferred patient of outpatient department for 3 months as per the guidelines?
a. Yes
b. No
c. Others
3. Have you attended Dermatological emergencies?
a. Yes
b. No
c. Referred to other hospital with emergency services
4. For those who are attending patients, are you following protective measures as per the guidelines of the society, for eg disinfection, physical distance?
a. Yes
b. No
c. Hospitals are not bothered in doing so, so I am seeing patients without all these measures
d. Others
d. Others5. Are you doing triage for the patients coming in your Outpatient department?
5. Are you doing triage for the patients coming in your Outpatient department?
5. Are you doing triage for the patients coming in your Outpatient department? a. Yes
5. Are you doing triage for the patients coming in your Outpatient department?a. Yesb. No

Appendix 2: Informed Consent in Nepali

सुसूचित मन्जुरीनामा				
म	(उमेर	वर्ष)ले		ले गर्न लाग्नु भएको
				शिर्षकको अनुसन्धान सम्बन्ध
संलग्न मिति २०७ / / को 'जा	नकारीपत्र/पुस्तिका'	सुनेर/पढेर र प्रश्नोत्तर समेत गरेर	यो अध्ययन-अनुसन्धान सम्बन्धम	ना जानकारी प्राप्त भयो ।
यो अनुसन्धान कार्यमा मेरो सहभागिता बुझेको छु । यसको लागि मैले कुनै कार यस अनुसन्धानको प्रतिवेदन वा सम्बन्धि	ण दिनु नपर्ने र त्यसब	बाट मैले पाउने सेवा र मेरो कानु-	ी अधिकारमा असर नपर्ने समेत म	ालाई बुझाईएको छ ।
यी सबै कुराहरु जानी-बुझी, म यस अध	ययन-अनुसन्धानमाः	सहभागी हुन स्वेच्छाले राजी भई	यो सुसूचित मन्जुरीनामामा सहिछ	गप गरेको छु।
सहभागीको सही				
सहभागीको नाम थर				
मिति : २०७ / / सहभागीकोबुढीऔंलाक	जेल्य <u>ा</u> प्चे		बायाँ	
साक्षीको सही				
साक्षीको सही				

Appendix 3: Ethical approval letter

त्रिभुवन विश्वविद्यालय	Tribhuvan University Institute of Medicine
चिकित्सा शास्त्र अध्ययन संस्थान	Office of the Dean
डीनको कार्यालय, महाराजगंज पो.ब.नं.: १४२४, काठमाडौ, नेपाल।	Maharajgunj, P.O. Box: 1524 Kathmandu, Nepal
	Ph.# 4410911, 4412040, 4413729, 4418187
कोन नं ४४१०९११, ४४१२०४०, ४४१३७२९, ४४१८१८७ कि विकास के अध्यापार्थ के Medicile	
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A deal / Ref.:- 114 (C	मिति / Date:-
Insurch Department	November 11, 2020
Research Departmen	nt
Dr. Sudip Parajuli	
Lecturer Dept. of Dermatology	
MMc, IOM	
Ref: Approval of Research Propos	sal
Dear Dr. Parajuli	
Thank you for the submission of your research proposal,e	entitled "Compliance with society
guidelines in COVID 19: A survey on members of Society and Leprologists of Nepal."	of Dermatologists, venereologists
I am pleased to inform you that after careful evaluation, the	above mentioned research proposal
has been approved by Institutional Review Committee (IRC Tribhuvan University on November 10, 2020.	C) of Institute of Medicine (IOM),
As per our rules and regulations, the investigator has to strice	tly follow the protocol stipulated in
the proposal. Any change in title, objectives, problem hypothesis, methodology, implementation procedures, data	statement, research questions or
made so and implemented only after prior approval from IR	C. Thus, it is compulsory to submit
the details of such changes intended with justifications prior	
Please note that you can start recruiting the research participal from the IRC. You are also requested to follow the ethical gu	uidelines of IRC of IOM.
After completion of your study you must submit a copy o	of final draft of your research to the
Research Department. If you have any further queries, please do not hesitate to cont	tact us.
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V	
Kingh	
Prof. Dr. Yogendra P. Singh, MD, PhD	
Member Secretary	
Institutional Review Committee	
<u>CC</u>	
Head of Department Dept. of Dermatology	
MMc, IOM	